# SAFETY DATA SHEET Zettex X45 Canister

According to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II, as amended. Commission Regulation (EU) No 2015/830 of 28 May 2015.

#### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

## 1.1. Product identifier

Product name Zettex X45 Canister

Container size 13.6kg

**REACH registration notes**All chemicals used in this product have been registered under REACH where required.

## 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses Contact Adhesive

**Uses advised against** Flexible PVC due to the risk of plasticiser migration.

## 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

**Supplier** Zettex Europe BV

Plaza 20 4782 SK Moerdijk The Nederlands Tel: +31 888 938839 Fax: +31 888 938888 info@zettex.nl

## 1.4. Emergency telephone number

**Emergency telephone** Zettex Europe BV 031 (0) 888 938 839 (Mon-Fri 09:00-17:00)

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

# 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (EC 1272/2008)

Physical hazards Aerosol 1 - H222, H229

Health hazards STOT SE 3 - H336

Environmental hazards Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411

# 2.2. Label elements

#### **Pictogram**







Signal word

Danger

Hazard statements H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.

H229 Pressurised container: may burst if heated. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### Zettex X45 Canister

Precautionary statements P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No

smoking.

P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

P410+P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.

P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations.

Supplemental label

information

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Contains Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane, PENTANE, ACETONE

Supplementary precautionary

statements

P261 Avoid breathing vapour/ spray.

P264 Wash contaminated skin thoroughly after handling.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P312 Call a POISON CENTRE/doctor if you feel unwell.
P321 Specific treatment (see medical advice on this label).
P332+P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P391 Collect spillage.

#### 2.3. Other hazards

This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria. Containers should be thoroughly emptied before disposal because of the risk of an explosion. In use may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture. Vapours are heavier than air and may spread near ground and travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back.

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

# 3.2. Mixtures

DIMETHYL ETHER 30-60%

CAS number: 115-10-6 EC number: 204-065-8 REACH registration number: 01-

2119472128-37-XXXX

Classification

Flam. Gas 1 - H220 Press. Gas (Liq.) - H280

Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane

10-30%

CAS number: — EC number: 926-605-8 REACH registration number: 01-

2119486291-36-0000

Classification

Flam. Lig. 2 - H225

STOT SE 3 - H336

Asp. Tox. 1 - H304

Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411

## Zettex X45 Canister

PENTANE 10-30%

CAS number: 109-66-0 EC number: 203-692-4 REACH registration number: 01-

2119459286-30-0000

Classification

Flam. Liq. 1 - H224 STOT SE 3 - H336 Asp. Tox. 1 - H304 Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411

ACETONE 1-5%

CAS number: 67-64-1 EC number: 200-662-2 REACH registration number: 01-

2119471330-49-XXXX

Classification

Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 STOT SE 3 - H336

The Full Text for all R-Phrases and Hazard Statements are Displayed in Section 16.

#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

**General information** Move affected person to fresh air at once. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical

personnel.

**Inhalation** Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for

breathing. Keep affected person under observation. If breathing stops, provide artificial

respiration. Get medical attention immediately.

**Ingestion** Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Get medical attention. Do not induce vomiting.

Skin contact Remove contaminated clothing immediately and wash skin with soap and water. Get medical

attention if any discomfort continues.

**Eye contact** Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide

apart. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation persists after

washing. If adhesive bonding occurs, do not force eyelids apart.

**Protection of first aiders** First aid personnel should wear appropriate protective equipment during any rescue.

# 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

General information Prolonged and repeated contact with solvents over a long period may lead to permanent

health problems. The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the

concentration and the length of exposure.

**Inhalation** Coughing, chest tightness, feeling of chest pressure. Overexposure to organic solvents may

depress the central nervous system, causing dizziness and intoxication and, at very high

concentrations, unconsciousness and death.

Ingestion Ingestion may cause severe irritation of the mouth, the oesophagus and the gastrointestinal

tract.

**Skin contact** Prolonged contact may cause redness, irritation and dry skin.

**Eye contact** Irritating to eyes. Profuse watering of the eyes.

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes for the doctor Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. The following symptoms may occur:

Nausea, headache, dizziness, coughing and breathing difficulty.

Specific treatments If adhesive bonding occurs, do not force eyelids apart.

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

# 5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Water spray, dry powder or carbon dioxide. Alcohol-resistant foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

## 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up.

> Forms explosive mixtures with air. May explode when heated or when exposed to flames or sparks. Vapours are heavier than air and may spread near ground and travel a considerable

distance to a source of ignition and flash back.

Hazardous combustion products

Oxides of carbon. Acrid smoke or fumes.

# 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Protective actions during

firefighting

Use water to keep fire exposed containers cool and disperse vapours. If a leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse vapours and protect men stopping the leak. Control runoff water by containing and keeping it out of sewers and watercourses. Keep upwind to avoid inhalation of gases, vapours, fumes and smoke.

Special protective equipment

for firefighters

Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective

#### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

## 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Wear suitable

> protective equipment, including gloves, goggles/face shield, respirator, boots, clothing or apron, as appropriate. Do not breathe vapour. Avoid contact with eyes and prolonged skin

contact.

For non-emergency personnel For the greatest protection, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

For the greatest protection, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. For emergency responders

# 6.2. Environmental precautions

Contain spillage with sand, earth or other suitable non-combustible material. **Environmental precautions** 

## 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up Eliminate all sources of ignition. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near

> spillage. Provide adequate ventilation. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Avoid the spillage or runoff entering drains, sewers or watercourses. Collect spillage for reclamation or disposal in sealed containers via a licensed waste contractor. Avoid water contacting spilled material or leaking containers. Approach the spillage from upwind. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools.

# 6.4. Reference to other sections

Reference to other sections For personal protection, see Section 8. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

#### SECTION 7: Handling and storage

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Usage precautions Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Static electricity and formation of sparks must

be prevented. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Do not use in confined spaces without adequate ventilation and/or respirator. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Wash after use and before eating,

smoking and using the toilet. Do not smoke in work area. Clean equipment and the work area

every day.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage precautions Under normal conditions of handling and storage, spillages from aerosol containers are

unlikely. Store in tightly-closed, original container in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F. Do not pierce or

burn, even after use.

**Storage class** Flammable compressed gas storage.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Specific end use(s) The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.

Usage description Adhesive.

## SECTION 8: Exposure Controls/personal protection

# 8.1. Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

#### **DIMETHYL ETHER**

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 400 ppm 766 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 500 ppm 958 mg/m³

#### **PENTANE**

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 600 ppm 1800 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL

#### **ACETONE**

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 500 ppm 1210 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 1500 ppm 3620 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit

# DIMETHYL ETHER (CAS: 115-10-6)

PNEC - Fresh water; 0,155 mg/l

- Intermittent release, Water; 1,549 mg/l

- Water; 160 mg/l

- Marine water; 0,016 mg/l

Sediment (Freshwater); 0,681 mg/lSediment (Marinewater); 0,069 mg/l

- Soil; 0,045 mg/l

PENTANE (CAS: 109-66-0)

DNEL Industry - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 432 mg/kg/day

Industry - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 3 mg/m³
Consumer - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 214 mg/kg/day
Consumer - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 643 mg/m³
Consumer - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 214 mg/kg/day

## **ACETONE (CAS: 67-64-1)**

**DNEL** Consumer - Oral; Long term : 62 mg/kg/day

Consumer - Dermal; Long term : 62 mg/kg/day Industry - Dermal; Long term : 186 mg/kg/day Consumer - Inhalation; Long term : 200 mg/m³ Industry - Inhalation; Short term : 2420 mg/m³ Industry - Inhalation; Long term : 1210

PNEC - Fresh water; 10.6 mg/l

Marine water; 1.06 mg/lIntermittent release; 21 mg/l

- Soil; 29.5 mg/l

Sediment (Marinewater); 3.04 mg/kgSediment (Freshwater); 30.4 mg/kg

# 8.2. Exposure controls

## Protective equipment











Appropriate engineering controls

Provide adequate ventilation. Ensure that the direction of airflow is clearly away from the worker. Use approved respirator if air contamination is above an acceptable level. Observe any occupational exposure limits for the product or ingredients. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating and lighting equipment. Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposure.

Personal protection Wear protective clothing.

**Eye/face protection** Wear chemical splash goggles. Personal protective equipment for eye and face protection

should comply with European Standard EN166.

(PE/PA/PE), 2.5mil (0.06mm), >480 min. To protect hands from chemicals, gloves should comply with European Standard EN374. Nitrile rubber. It should be noted that liquid may penetrate the gloves. Frequent changes are recommended. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. The breakthrough time for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. When used with mixtures, the protection time of gloves cannot be accurately estimated. Considering the data specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are retaining their protective properties and change them as soon as any deterioration is detected.

Other skin and body protection

Hand protection

Provide eyewash station. Avoid contact with skin. Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

Hygiene measures

Promptly remove any clothing that becomes contaminated. Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Use appropriate hand lotion to prevent defatting and cracking of skin. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet.

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Respiratory protection If ventilation is inadequate, suitable respiratory protection must be worn. In confined or poorly-

ventilated spaces, a supplied-air respirator must be worn. Respiratory protection complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates inhalation of

contaminants is possible. Short term Gas filter, type AX.

Thermal hazards Spray will evaporate and cool rapidly and may cause frostbite or cold burns if in contact with

skin.

Environmental exposure

controls

Residues and empty containers should be taken care of as hazardous waste according to

local and national provisions. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

## SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

## 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Aerosol.

Colour Amber.

**Odour** Aromatic hydrocarbons.

Odour threshold Data lacking.

pH pH (concentrated solution): 7-8

Melting point Data lacking.

Initial boiling point and range Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane: 75-93°C

Pentane: 35-37°C Acetone: 55.8-56.6°C

Flash point A flash point method is not available for aerosols, but the major hazardous component, the

propellant (Dimethyl ether) has a flash point of <-41°C with flammability limits of 3.3% vol.

upper and 26.2% vol. lower.

Evaporation rate Not available.

Evaporation factor Not available.

Flammability (solid, gas) No specific test data are available.

Upper/lower flammability or

explosive limits

Not available.

Other flammability No specific test data are available.

Vapour pressure Not available.

Vapour density Not available.

Relative density Liquid base: 0.83 @ 20°C

Bulk density Not applicable.

Solubility(ies) Insoluble in water.

Partition coefficient Not available.

**Auto-ignition temperature** Not available.

**Decomposition Temperature** Not available.

Viscosity Liquid base: 280-480 cP @ 20°C

Explosive under the influence

of a flame

Yes

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Oxidising properties Does not meet the criteria for classification as oxidising.

9.2. Other information

Volatile organic compound This product contains a maximum VOC content of 590 g/l.

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

## 10.1. Reactivity

**Reactivity**There are no known reactivity hazards associated with this product.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Highly volatile.

## 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

Will not polymerise. In use may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture.

## 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition. Containers can burst violently or explode

when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up. Avoid the accumulation of vapours in low or

confined areas.

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid Strong oxidising agents. Strong alkalis. Strong acids.

## 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition

Oxides of carbon. Oxides of nitrogen.

products

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

## 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Aspiration hazard

**Aspiration hazard** May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

General information Prolonged and repeated contact with solvents over a long period may lead to permanent

health problems.

**Inhalation** May cause respiratory system irritation.

**Ingestion** May cause stomach pain or vomiting.

**Skin contact** Irritating to skin.

**Eye contact** May cause severe eye irritation.

Acute and chronic health

hazards

Vapour from this product may be hazardous by inhalation.

Route of exposure Skin absorption Inhalation Skin and/or eye contact Ingestion

**Target organs** No specific target organs known.

Medical symptoms Gas or vapour in high concentrations may irritate the respiratory system. Symptoms following

overexposure to vapour may include the following: Headache. Fatigue. Nausea, vomiting.

**Medical considerations** No information available.

## Toxicological information on ingredients.

## **Zettex X45 Canister**

## **DIMETHYL ETHER**

Acute toxicity - oral

Notes (oral LD<sub>50</sub>) Not applicable.

Acute toxicity - dermal

Notes (dermal LD<sub>50</sub>) Not applicable.

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Notes (inhalation LC₅₀) 164000 ppm, Inhalation, Rat

Skin corrosion/irritation

Skin corrosion/irritation Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

damage/irritation

Respiratory sensitisation

**Respiratory sensitisation** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Skin sensitisation

**Skin sensitisation** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity

**Genotoxicity - in vitro**Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

**Genotoxicity - in vivo**Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

**Carcinogenicity** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity

**Reproductive toxicity -** This substance has no evidence of toxicity to reproduction.

fertility

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Skin contact Spray will evaporate and cool rapidly and may cause frostbite or cold burns if in

contact with skin.

Medical symptoms Symptoms Symptoms overexposure may include the following: Arrhythmia (deviation

from normal heart beat).

Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane

Skin corrosion/irritation

**Skin corrosion/irritation** Irritating to skin.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory sensitisation

damage/irritation

#### Zettex X45 Canister

Respiratory sensitisation Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity - fertility

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

.

General information The product irritates mucous membranes and may cause abdominal discomfort if

swallowed.

**PENTANE** 

Acute toxicity - oral

Acute toxicity oral (LD50

mg/kg)

2.0

**Species** Rat

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Acute toxicity inhalation

(LC50 vapours mg/l)

25.3

Species Rat

ATE inhalation (vapours

mg/l)

25.3

Respiratory sensitisation

**Respiratory sensitisation** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Skin sensitisation

**Skin sensitisation** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity

**Genotoxicity - in vitro**Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Genotoxicity - in vivo Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

**Carcinogenicity** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity -

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

fertility

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration hazard

**Aspiration hazard** May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Skin contact

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

**Eye contact** May cause discomfort.

**ACETONE** 

#### Zettex X45 Canister

**Toxicological effects** The toxicity of this substance has been assessed during REACH registration.

Acute toxicity - dermal

Acute toxicity dermal (LD<sub>50</sub> 2,000.0

mg/kg)

**Species** Rabbit

Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation Epidemiological studies have shown no evidence of skin sensitisation.

Skin contact Irritating to skin.

Eye contact Irritating to eyes.

## SECTION 12: Ecological Information

## Ecological information on ingredients.

Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane

**Ecotoxicity** Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

12.1. Toxicity

**Toxicity** Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

## Ecological information on ingredients.

# **DIMETHYL ETHER**

Acute aquatic toxicity

Acute toxicity - fish LC<sub>50</sub>, 96 hours: >4000 mg/l, Poecilia reticulata (Guppy)

Acute toxicity - aquatic

invertebrates

EC<sub>50</sub>, 48 hours: >4000 mg/l, Daphnia magna LC<sub>50</sub>, 48 hours: 755,549 mg/l, Daphnia magna

Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane

Acute aquatic toxicity

Acute toxicity - fish LL<sub>50</sub>, 96 hours: 9.776 mg/l, Freshwater fish

Acute toxicity - aquatic

invertebrates

EL50, 48 hours: 3.0 mg/l, Daphnia magna

Acute toxicity microorganisms NOEL, 48 hours: 8.483 mg/l, Tetrahymena pyriformis.

#### **PENTANE**

Acute aquatic toxicity

LC50, 96 hours: 4.26 mg/l, Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout) Acute toxicity - fish

Acute toxicity - aquatic

invertebrates

EC<sub>50</sub>, 48 hours: 2.7 mg/l, Daphnia magna

Acute toxicity - aquatic

plants

NOEC, 72 hours: 7.51 mg/l, Freshwater algae EC<sub>50</sub>, 72 hours: 10.7 mg/l, Freshwater algae

## Zettex X45 Canister

## **ACETONE**

Acute aquatic toxicity

Acute toxicity - fish LC<sub>50</sub>, 96 hours: >100 mg/l, Fish

Acute toxicity - aquatic

EC<sub>50</sub>, 48 hours: 12600 mg/l, Daphnia magna invertebrates EC<sub>50</sub>, 48 hours: 8300 mg/l, Daphnia magna

IC<sub>50</sub>, 72 hours: >100 mg/l, Algae

Acute toxicity - aquatic

Chronic aquatic toxicity

plants

Chronic toxicity - aquatic

NOEC, 28 days: >10<100 mg/l, Freshwater invertebrates

## 12.2. Persistence and degradability

invertebrates

Persistence and degradability The product is readily biodegradable.

## Ecological information on ingredients.

# **DIMETHYL ETHER**

Persistence and degradability

Not readily biodegradable.

Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane

Persistence and degradability

The product is biodegradable.

#### **PENTANE**

Persistence and degradability

The product is biodegradable. Volatile substances are degraded in the atmosphere

within a few days.

**ACETONE** 

Persistence and degradability

The product is readily biodegradable.

# 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative potential No data available on bioaccumulation.

Partition coefficient Not available.

Ecological information on ingredients.

## **DIMETHYL ETHER**

Bioaccumulative potential No data available on bioaccumulation.

#### **PENTANE**

Bioaccumulative potential Not determined.

## 12.4. Mobility in soil

The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOCs) which will evaporate easily from all Mobility

surfaces.

## **Zettex X45 Canister**

## Ecological information on ingredients.

## **DIMETHYL ETHER**

Mobility Koc: 7,759

Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane

Mobility The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOCs) which will evaporate

easily from all surfaces.

**PENTANE** 

Mobility The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOCs) which will evaporate

easily from all surfaces.

#### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Results of PBT and vPvB

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

assessment

## Ecological information on ingredients.

## DIMETHYL ETHER

Results of PBT and vPvB

This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.

assessment

Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane

Results of PBT and vPvB

This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.

assessment

**PENTANE** 

Results of PBT and vPvB

This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.

assessment

**ACETONE** 

Results of PBT and vPvB

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

assessment

12.6. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects None known.

Ecological information on ingredients.

## **PENTANE**

Other adverse effects None known.

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

# 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Do not puncture or incinerate, even when empty. Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal

site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority.

## Zettex X45 Canister

Waste class Full or Partially Empty Canister: 16 05 04 Empty Canister: 15 01 10 (Containing hazardous

residue) Empty Canister: 15 01 04 (No hazardous residues)

## SECTION 14: Transport information

## 14.1. UN number

UN No. (ADR/RID) 3501
UN No. (IMDG) 3501
UN No. (ICAO) 3501
UN No. (ADN) 3501

## 14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper shipping name CHEMICAL UNDER PRESSURE, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. (DIMETHYL ETHER, PENTANE,

(ADR/RID) ACETONE, Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane)

Proper shipping name (IMDG) CHEMICAL UNDER PRESSURE, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. (DIMETHYL ETHER, PENTANE,

ACETONE, Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane)

Proper shipping name (ICAO) CHEMICAL UNDER PRESSURE, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. (DIMETHYL ETHER, PENTANE,

ACETONE, Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane)

Proper shipping name (ADN) CHEMICAL UNDER PRESSURE, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. (DIMETHYL ETHER, PENTANE,

ACETONE, Hydrocarbons, C6-C7, isoalkanes, cyclics, <5% n-hexane)

## 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID class 2.1

ADR/RID classification code 8F

ADR/RID label 2.1

IMDG class 2.1

ICAO class/division 2.1

ADN class 2.1

## Transport labels



# 14.4. Packing group

Not applicable.

#### 14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant



# 14.6. Special precautions for user

EmS F-D, S-U

ADR transport category 2

Emergency Action Code 2YE

## Zettex X45 Canister

Hazard Identification Number 23

(ADR/RID)

Tunnel restriction code (B/D)

## 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Transport in bulk according to Not applicable.

Annex II of MARPOL 73/78

and the IBC Code

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

## 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulations The Aerosol Dispensers Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No. 2824).

Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002 (as amended).

Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974 (as amended).

**EU legislation** Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18

December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of

Chemicals (REACH) (as amended).

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (as

amended).

**Guidance** Workplace Exposure Limits EH40.

Authorisations (Title VII

Regulation 1907/2006)

No specific authorisations are known for this product.

Restrictions (Title VIII

Regulation 1907/2006)

No specific restrictions on use are known for this product.

## 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

#### SECTION 16: Other information

Classification procedures according to Regulation (EC)

Aerosol 1 - H222, H229: Calculation method. STOT SE 3 - H336: Calculation method. Aquatic

Chronic 2 - H411: Calculation method.

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Hazard statements in full H220 Extremely flammable gas.

H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.

H224 Extremely flammable liquid and vapour.

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H229 Pressurised container: may burst if heated.

H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.